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Директор Пятигорского института (филиал) СКФУ

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ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации

Иностранный язык в По дисциплине профессиональной деятельности Специальность 43.02.15 Поварское и кондитерское дело Форма обучения очная Учебный план 2021 Объем занятий: итого 162 ч., В т.ч. аудиторных 162 Ч. Практических занятий 162 ч.

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Директор Пятигорского института (филиал) СКФУ

> _____ Т.А. Шебзухова «__» _____ 20__ г.

Ролевая игра

по дисциплине Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

Тема 1.3. Устройство на работу.

Концепция игры:

образовательная цель: добиться прочного усвоения знаний по теме.

развивающая цель: научить анализировать, правильно употреблять новые лексические единицы.

Роли: Interviewer- P₁ Dan Brooks - P₂

Ожидаемый результат: выучить диалог наизусть.

Interviewer: Good afternoon, Mr. Brooks. Have a seat, please.

DanBrooks:Goodafternoon.

Interviewer: I received your resume a few weeks ago and I must say that I was rather impressed.

DanBrooks: Thankyou.

Interviewer: As you know we are a small but fast growing financial company, mostly trading stocks and bonds. May I ask you why you're interested in working for us?

Dan Brooks: Yes, of course. I know that your company has an excellent reputation. That's why I'd like to work for it. Besides, I have always wanted to work with a smaller company, which consequently develops.

Interviewer: I see. That's good to hear! Would you mind telling me a little bit about your current

occupation?

Dan Brooks: I'm a broker at a large international company at the moment. I mostly deal with clients and I handle all aspects of their accounts.

Interviewer: I see. Could you also tell me a little bit about your previous job experience?

Dan Brooks: Yes, of course. I have worked for two full years at my current position. Before that, I participated at an internship program at the same company.

Interviewer: How long did the internship last?

Dan Brooks: Almost for one year.

Interviewer: So, you have a three-year job experience, is that right?

Dan Brooks: Absolutely. However, I would like to continue my career development in this field.

Interviewer: Could you also say a few words about your main education?

Dan Brooks: Yes, with pleasure. I have graduated from the University of Kent and I have a degree in Accountancy and Finance.

Interviewer: Do you have any additional certificates?

Dan Brooks: Yes, I do. After graduation I have also attended workshops for experienced specialists. I've gained lots of new financial theory and practice there, as well as a certificate of course completion.

Interviewer: That's good to know, Mr. Brooks. I would like to ask you one more question about your interest in our company. Why do you think that you are the right candidate for the position of head broker?

Dan Brooks: I think that I have enough experience in the stock market to handle this job. Also, I quite like my current duties and don't mind expanding the range of my responsibilities in this field.

Interviewer: Well, you might just be the right person we've been looking for. Doyouhaveanyquestions?

Dan Brooks: Yes, I have one question. If I were hired, how many accounts would I be handling?

Interviewer: You'd be handling about a third of our clients, as you'd be working with two other head brokers. Isthereanythingelseyou'dliketoask?

Dan Brooks: No, that's it. Thankyou.

Interviewer: Ok, then. We will send our employment contract for your review this week, Mr. Brooks.

And we hope to see you soon among our staff.

Тема 3.3. Порядок обслуживания завтрака.

Концепция игры:

образовательная цель: добиться усвоения системы знаний по теме.

развивающая цель: научить анализировать, аргументировать, развивать речь.

Роли: Waiter-P₁ Guest-P₂

Ожидаемый результат: выучить диалог наизусть.

Waiter: Good morning! What would you like for breakfast?

Guest: Well, I'll have some bread and butter or some buttered toast, eggs and bacon and cornflakes with milk.

Waiter: What would you like, tea or coffee?

Guest: In the morning I prefer a cup of strong coffee.

Waiter: How many lumps of sugar do you take in your coffee? Do you take milk with your coffee?

Guest: I usually take two lumps of sugar and have my coffee with milk.

Waiter: What else would you like to order?

Guest: You see, I didn't want to take a substantial breakfast but today I'd like to taste your sandwiches with cheese. I see you have sandwiches with cheese on the menu. What kind of cheese is that?

Waiter: Any kind you like. We have soft piquant cheeses — Roquefort and Cheddar, mellow cheeses — Swiss and Cheshire, and soft cheeses — Edam, Camembert and Brie.

meatpâté	мясной паштет
Roquefort	сыр Рокфор
Cheddar	сыр Чедер
piquant	пикантный
mellow	спелый, зрелый
Swisscheese	швейцарский сыр
Edam	сорт голландского сыра Эдам
Cheshire	сорт твердого сыра
Camembert	сыр Камамбер

Полезные фразы и выражения по теме: "Порядок обслуживания завтрака".

soft	мягкий
Brie	сорт французского сыра Бри

Тема 4.6. Как накрыть стол для завтрака.

Концепция игры:

образовательная цель: добиться усвоения системы знаний по теме.

развивающая цель: научить анализировать, аргументировать, развивать речь.

Роли: Headwaiter- P₁ Guest-P₂

Ожидаемый результат: выучить диалог наизусть.

Headwaiter: Good evening. Welcome to "Morris".
Guest: A table for two, please.
Headwaiter: Do you have a reservation, madam?
Guest: No, we don't.
Headwaiter: Would you like smoking or non-smoking?
Guest: Non-smoking, please.
Headwaiter: Yes, we have a table for you. Would you mind waiting a few minutes?
We'll get it ready for you now.
Guest: Yes, that's fine. We'll wait over there.
Headwaiter: Could I take your coats?
Guest: Oh, yes, thank you.
Headwaiter: Your table is ready, madam. Could you follow me, please?

Полезные фразы и выражения по теме: "Как накрыть стол для завтрака".

to set a table = to lay a cover -toface - бнакрыватьнастолопределаcutlery - ножи, ложки, вилкиat the leftableware - приборы для сервировкиat the rigстолаsugar-basglassware -стеклянная посудаsalt-cella(стаканы, рюмки, бокалы)pepper slстоскегу - посуда из фаянсаashtray -(тарелки, чашки, блюдца и прочее)edge -крfolded - сложенныйblade -лnapkin - салфеткаto wipe -

toface - быть обращенным (в определенную сторону) at the left side - слева at the right side - справа sugar-basin -сахарница salt-cellar -солонка pepper shaker - перечница ashtray -пепельница edge -край blade -лезвие to wipe - вытирать to polish - полировать tip -кончик

Тема 6.1. Услуги ресторана.

Концепция игры:

образовательная цель: добиться усвоения системы знаний по теме.

развивающая цель: научить анализировать, аргументировать, развивать речь.

Роли: Hostess - P₁ Igor Smirnov - P₂ Waiter - P₃

Ожидаемый результат: выучить диалог наизусть.

Hostess. Hi! Welcome to Paradise. Do you have a reservation? Igor Smirnov. Yes, we do. Hostess. Your name, please? Igor Smirnov. Smirnov. Hostess. OK, Mr. Smirnov. Right this way, please. (Shows a table) **Igor Smirnov.** Could we get a table by the window? Hostess. Yes, of course. This way, please. Is it OK? Igor Smirnov. Yes, thanks a lot. Hostess. Have a nice time. Waiter. Welcome to Paradise. Here are your menus. I'll be back to take your order in a minute. Waiter (After a couple of minutes). Are you ready to order? **Igor Smirnov.** Not yet, give us a second, please. Waiter (After a couple of minutes). No problem. I'll be back in a couple of minutes.... (After a couple of minutes) What would you like to order? **Igor Smirnov.** I'll have the grilled salmon. Waiter. And you? Igor Smirnov's wife. I'll have the spaghetti. Waiter. Would you like anything to drink? Igor Smirnov. I'll have green tea. Waiter. And you? Igor Smirnov's wife. I'll have juice. What kind of juice do you have? Waiter. Orange, mango, apple and pineapple. **Igor Smirnov's wife.** One pineapple juice please. Waiter. OK. So that's one grilled salmon, one spaghetti, one green tea, and one pineapple juice. Waiter (After a time). Here you are. Enjoy your meal. Waiter (After a time). How was everything? Igor Smirnov. Delicious, thanks!

Waiter. Would you like anything for dessert?
Igor Smirnov. No, thank you.
Waiter. Can I get you anything else?
Igor Smirnov. No, just the bill please.
Waiter. Sure. I'll be right back with that... Do you want to pay separately?
Igor Smirnov. No, you can put it all on one bill.
Waiter. (Brings the bill) There you go.
Igor Smirnov. (Give the money to the waiter) Thanks a lot.

Полезные фразы и выражения по теме: "Услуги ресторана ".

- Please give me a cup of coffee. Дайте, пожалуйста, чашечкукофе.
- Please bring me another set. Пожалуйста, принеситеещеодиннабор.
- Do you like dry or sweet wines? Вылюбитесухиеилидесертныевина?
- Could we have a table for four? Можнозаказатьстоликначетырех?
- Can I reserve a table for two for 6 o'clock in the evening? —

Могуязаказатьстоликнадвоихнасегодняна6 часоввечера?

- I would like a table at a window. Яхотелбыстоликуокна.
- What's yourfavourite dish? КакоеВашелюбимоеблюдо?
- What appetizers shall we have? Чтовозьмемназакуску?
- What shall we start with? Счегоначнем?
- Where can we get a quick meal? Гдеможнобыстропоесть?
- Won't you have some more? Нехотителиеще?
- Help yourself. Угощайтесь.
- Help yourself to some more nuts. Возьмитеещеорехов.
- With pleasure. Судовольствием.
- I don't care for meat (fish) in any shape or form. Янееммясо (рыбу) нивкакомвиде.
- The tea is hot. Чайгорячий.
- The juice is sour. Соккислый.
- The vegetables are salted. Овощисоленые.
- The meal is delicious (tasty). Всеоченьвкусно.

Тема 7.5. Десерты.

Концепция игры:

образовательная цель: добиться усвоения системы знаний по теме.

развивающая цель: научить анализировать, аргументировать, развивать речь.

Роли: Waiter - P₁ Lady Guest - P₂

Ожидаемый результат: выучить диалог наизусть.

Waiter: Are you ready to order now, madam?

Lady Guest: Yes, I am. What are your specialties today?

Waiter: We have some fresh asparagus this week. Are you having a starter, madam?

Lady Guest: Yes, I'd like the asparagus to begin with.

Waiter: What would you like for the main course?

Lady Guest: I'll have the steak, please.

Waiter: How would you like your steak done?

Lady Guest: Well done, please. What is the main ingredient in tomato soup, please?

Waiter: Tomatoes, madam, and some other vegetables.

Lady Guest: Could I have an extra order of tomato soup with my main course?

Waiter: Yes, of course, madam. I'll repeat the order: asparagus

to start, steak well done, and an extra order of tomato soup. Is that right?

Lady Guest: Yes, that's correct.

Полезные фразы и выражения по теме: "Десерты.".

- 1. sugar caxap
- 2. granulatedsugar сахарный песок
- 3. caramel карамель
- 4. chocolates шоколадные конфеты
- 5. cake кекс
- 6. chocolatebar плитка шоколада
- 7. buiscuits сухое печенье
- 8. pastry сдобное печенье
- 9. puff слойка
- 10. јат варенье, джем
- 11. tart фруктовое пирожное
- 12. marmalade джем из цитрусовых
- 13. coffee кофе
- 14. сосоа какао
- 15. wafers вафли
- 16. sweets сласти, конфеты

Тема 10.2. Разговорная практика.

Концепция игры:

образовательная цель: добиться усвоения системы знаний по теме.

развивающая цель: научить анализировать, аргументировать, развивать речь.

Роли:

Alex - P₁ **Boris**- P₂

Ожидаемый результат: выучить диалог наизусть.

Alex: I am hungry. Let's go to the cafe. **Boris:** I am hungry, too. There is a cafe not far from here. Let's go there. (They enter the cafe and sit down to a table at the window.) **Alex:** What shall we take for dinner? **Boris:** Here's the menu, let's have a look. Alex: I shall take a jellied fish, potato soup and pork chop with vegetables. And what about you? **Boris:** I want a helping of smoked fish. Then I'll take a broth with a pie and a cutlet with mashed potatoes. **Alex:** Our dinner will be rather substantial. We are hungry enough. **Boris:** Yes, I am hungry and thirsty. Let's take salads! Alex: I would like a salad with fresh cucumbers and tomatoes. **Boris:** I shall take a salad of fresh cabbage with mayonnaise. Alex: There are no napkins on our table. Bring, please, napkins, knifes, forks and spoons, and I'll pay for the dinner, take a tray and bring the meals. Boris: All right. Alex: Pass me the pepper, please. **Boris:** Here you are. Alex: Thank you. May I trouble you for a slice of bread? **Boris:** No trouble at all. Here's the bread. Alex: Thanks. **Boris:** You are welcome. Do you mind to take the second helping of soup? Alex: I do not want. I shall begin the second course. (After dinner) Boris: The dinner was rather tasty. I am quite full, and what about you? Alex: SoamI.

Полезные фразы и выражения по теме: "Разговорная практика".

cafeteria - кафетерий snackbar - бар-закусочная fast-foodrestaurants - рестораны быстрого обслуживания todemand - требовать common - обычный, общий buffetservice - буфетное обслуживание SwedishBoard - «шведский стол» convenient - удобный toarrange - устраивать, располагать snack-plates - тарелки для накладывания еды tray -поднос toplace - помещать separate - отдельный plateservice - подача блюд на тарелках «в обнос» tableservice - обслуживание, подача на стол principal - главный

item - предмет garnish - гарнир

Критерии оценивания компетенций:

Отметка «5» ставится в том случае, если общение осуществилось, высказывания обучающихся соответствовали поставленной коммуникативной задаче и при этом их устная речь полностью соответствовала нормам иностранного языка в пределах программных требований для данного уровня.

Отметка «4» ставится в том случае, если общение осуществилось, высказывания обучающихся соответствовали поставленной коммуникативной задаче и при этом обучающиеся выразили свои мысли на иностранном языке с незначительными отклонениями от языковых норм, а в остальном их устная речь соответствовала нормам иностранного языка в пределах программных требований для данного уровня.

Отметка «З» ставится в том случае, если общение осуществилось, высказывания обучающихся соответствовали поставленной коммуникативной задаче и при этом обучающиеся выразили свои мысли на иностранном языке с отклонениями от языковых норм, не мешающими, однако, понять содержание сказанного.

Отметка «2» ставится в том случае, если общение не осуществилось или высказывания обучающихся не соответствовали поставленной коммуникативной задаче, обучающиеся слабо усвоили пройденный материал и выразили свои мысли на иностранном языке с такими отклонениями от языковых норм, которые не позволяют понять содержание большей части сказанного.

Составитель _____ Т.Г. Кузьменко

(подпись)

«____»____20 г.

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Комплект разноуровневых заданий

по дисциплине Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

Тема 1.2. Речевые формы бытового и профессионального общения.

1.Задачирепродуктивногоуровня.

1. How wouldyou address the following people?

1) a girl of eighteen, not married (Judy Brown);

2)a married woman with two children, aged 35 (Elsie Smith);

3)an elderly woman in the street (you want to help her);

4) a university professor (David Clark);

5) a friend of your own age (Peter Bennett);

6) Peter Bennett's father / mother;

7) the director of the company you work for (Alan Nott);

8) a man in the street (you ask the direction to your hotel);

9) an older colleague (David Chamber)

2. Insert (вставьте) a suitable form of address.

Thank you ..., I think I can manage (справиться) by myself.

1)to your friend Michael Black;

2) to Norman Long, director of your firm;

3)to a colleague whom you know only slightly;

4) to a colleague whom you know very well;

5)to your friend's father William Brown;

6) to your sister Helen;

7) to a family doctor, Alan Price;

8)to Alice Black, your business partner.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня:

1.Putthe correct form of the verb "to be":

- 1. They..... a party next Saturday. Will you come?
- 2. Today the weather nice, but yesterday it..... cold.
- 3. I hungry. Is there anything to eat?
- 4. Where you at 11 o'clock next Friday?
- 5. Why you so angry yesterday?
- 6. This time next year I..... inParis.

2.Вставьте слова much, many:

- 1. Thank you very....
- 2. My friend didn't make ... mistakes.
- 3. How ... money have you got?
- 4. There isn't ... milk in the bottle.
- 5. 1 haven't got ... time, but I'll try to help you.
- 6. Have your parents been to ... countries?
- 7. There weren't ... people in the street.
- 8. Has your son made ... friends in France?
- 9. You watch TV too....
- 10. Was there ... traffic in sight?

3.Вставьте предлоги:

- 1. Barbara plays ... the piano well.
- 2.my mind, it was the most stupid thing he could do.
- 3. Translate these words... English... Russian.
- 4. My brother gave the money ... me.
- 5. Learnthispoem... heart.

3.Задачи творческого уровня:

Insertwill and be going to for expressing future (Intermediate):

- 1. "It is getting dark" " I _____ turn on the light".
- 2. "The tape recorder doesn't work" I_____ repair it".
- 3. He ______see his Granny on Sunday.
- 4. I think they _____pass the exam.
- 5. "The bag is so heavy, I can't carry it"- "I _____help you".
- 6. I don't want to go home by bus. I _____walk.
- 7. Do you think John _____phone us tonight?
- 8. Take an umbrella with you. It_____rain.
- 9. It's Tom's birthday tomorrow. We ______ give him a present.
- 10.I think he _____like his present.

Тема 2.2. Обслуживающий персонал ресторана.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

THE STAFF AND ITS DUTIES

There are ten people on the staff. They can be divided into two groups. One group works in the dining room. They serve the customers. Another group works in the kitchen. They prepare meals for the customers.

The head chef, Anna, comes to work at 10 o'clock in the morning. Anna made a new summer menu with many summer fruits and vegetables. She knows that people do not want heavy meals during hot weather. Anna works all day, often more than 8 hours a day. She plans the menu and manages the staff in the kitchen. She cooks meat dishes and sauces for the main course.

Today is Friday, a very busy day for the restaurant. Anna starts her work early at 8 o'clock because she must go to the market to buy fruit and vegetables for the weekend. This is not usually necessary, but the restaurant has recently changed suppliers.

Today Anna must buy provisions herself until she finds new good suppliers. She will return to the restaurant at 10 o'clock and will start preparing the evening meal.

On Fridays, Mr. Black, the manager, prepares the accounts for the suppliers and organizes the work for the next week. Mr. Black's first task in the morning is to check the telephone answering machine. He wants to know about the reservations for the next week. He manages both the dining room staff and the kitchen staff. He also effectively manages the finances of the restaurant.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачире конструктивног оуровня:

Выберите правильный вариант артикля:

1. My friend likes to eat .	•••••			
1. fish	2.	a fish	3.	the fish
2Pacific Ocean is the	large	st ocean on	. Earth	1.
1	2.	the, a	3.	the, the
3. Russian peoplelike	•			
1. tea	2.	a tea	3.	the tea
4. She wants to be				
1. doctor	2.	a doctor	3.	the doctor
5. Can yougive me?				
1. book	2.	a book	3.	the book

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. What are the working hours of the restaurant?
- 2. When is the restaurant closed?
- 3. How many people are there on the staff?
- 4. Who is the head chef?
- 5. When does the head chef come to work?
- 6. What are the duties of the head chef?
- 7. What are the duties of the manager?

2.Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Тема 3.4. Порядок обслуживания обеда.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

DINNER AT THE RESTAURANT

Usually I have dinner at home but last Sunday my friend invited me to have dinner at the restaurant. When we came in the head- waiter showed us to the table. We sat down at the table and the waiter gave us the menu. The table was already set for dinner. There was a white table-cloth on the table, plates, spoons, knives and forks on it. In the middle of the table there was a dish with white and brown bread, a cruet-set with a salt-cellar and pots for pepper and mustard.

We decided to begin with some kind of appetizer or hors-d'oeuvre. My friend ordered clear chicken soup with noodles and I chose cabbage soup with small meat pies.

For the second course there was a wide choice of dishes: fried fish and chips, pancakes with salmon, scallops fried in vegetable oil, veal cutlets, pork chops with fried potatoes, steaks and grilled chicken. For the second course the waiter suggested the specialty of the restaurant — pan-fried veal chops with spring onions.

For dessert we decided to take vanilla ice cream, coffee and apple pie.

Everything was very tasty and the service was good. The waiter brought us a bill. We paid the bill and left the restaurant.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня:

1. Выберите в скобках правильную степень прилагательного:

- 1. Nickis (happier, thehappiest)boythatIknow. Ник самый счастливый мальчик, которого я знаю.
- 2. Ofthesixcars, Ilikethesilverone (better,best). Из шести машин мне нравится серебристая больше всего.

- 3. Jane's notebook is (cheaper, the cheapest) than mine. НоутбукДжейндешевле, чеммой.
- 4. This is (more delicious, the most delicious) cheese-cake I have ever had! Этосамыйвкусныйчизкейк, которыйяпробовала!
- 5. This bookcase is (more beautiful, the most beautiful) than that one. Этоткнижныйшкафкрасивее, чемтот.
- 6. Do you feel (better, the best) today than yesterday? Тычувствуешьсебялучшесегодня, чемвчера?
- 7. I think my cat is (prettier, the prettiest) of all the cats in the world. Думаю, чтомоякошка самаякрасиваякошкавмире.
- 8. Steve Jobs is (more famous, famouser) than Stephen Wozniak. СтивДжобсболееизвестен, чемСтивенВозняк.
- 9. This week the weather is (hotter, more hot) than last week. Наэтойнеделепогодажарче, чемнапрошлойнеделе.
- 10. Our new house is (more expensive, expensiver) than the old one. Нашновыйдомдороже, чемстарый.
- 11.Girls are usually (cleaner, more clean) than boys. Девочкиобычноболеечистые, чеммальчики.
- 12. Chemistry was (harder, the hardest) subject at school. Химиябыласамымтруднымпредметомвшколе.

2. Дайте степени сравнения прилагательных.

Hanpumep: wet – wetter – thewettest

expensive – more expensive – the most expensive

1. big (большой) 2. clever (умный) 3. good (хороший) 4. pleasant (приятный) 5. poor (бедный) 6. bad (плохой) 7. funny (смешной) 8. important (важный) 9. sunny (солнечный) 10. far (далекий) 11. comfortable (удобный) 12. wise (мудрый)

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. When did my friend invite me to have dinner?
- 2. Was the table laid for dinner already?
- 3. What was there on the table?
- 4. What was there in the middle of the table?
- 5. What did we decide to begin dinner with?
- 6. What did my friend order?
- 7. What was on the menu for the second course?
- 8. What did the waiter suggest us for the second course?
- 9. What did we decide to take for dessert?

2. Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Тема 5.3. Структура меню.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

THE STRUCTURE OF MENU

1. Appetizers can be hors-d'oeuvres, pâtés, or natural oysters. These dishes are usually cold. They stimulate the appetite and are served at the beginning of the meal.

2. Soups may be thick potage or thin consommé. Soups are usually served hot, but can be served cold.

3. The entree in the classical French menu is a course served between the fish and the main meat courses. In the modern menu it can be seafood dishes, salads, small fried sausages or fish.

4. The main course is the most substantial course of the meal. Guests usually choose their main courses first and then select other courses. When chefs design menus, they usually start with the main course and then plan the other courses.

5. Dessert is the sweet course at the end of a meal or before coffee. In Britain it can be fruit and nuts, or a pudding. Coffee can be served with chocolates, biscuits or fruits. The most popular dessert is ice cream.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня:

Переведите на русский язык.

- 1. The skates haven't been brought back.
- 2. At the station he was met by the man from the travel bureau.
- 3. I am often invited to the theatre.
- 4. This book was translated into French.
- 5. The work was being done from 4 till 5 yesterday.
- 6. The truth had been told.
- 7. A new medicine was prescribed by the doctor.
- 8. The large shopping centre is being built in our town.
- 9. We will be invited to his place, I'm sure.
- 10. The teacher was interrupted.
- 11. The telegram was received yesterday.
- 12. America was discovered by Columbus.
- 13. The letters have been typed by the secretary.
- 14. Tennis was being played from 4 to 5 yesterday.
- 15. The dishes are often washed by me.
- 16. Your luggage will be brought by the porter.
- 17. The text was translated at the last lesson.
- 18. All the texts were looked through yesterday and not a single mistake had been found.
- 19. The doctor will be sent for.

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. What are the five courses most commonly found on a modern menu?
- 2. Why are hors-d'oeuvres usually small?
- 3. What are the main course dishes?
- 4. What is the French name for a thin soup?
- 5. What is the French name for a thick soup?
- 6. Which course on a menu do guests usually choose first?
- 7. What can be served for dessert?

2. Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Тема 6.3. Типы ресторанов.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

TYPES OF RESTAURANTS

There are eight different types of places where people can eat and drink. They are very luxurious restaurants, formal luxury restaurants, informal restaurants serving national dishes, coffee-shops, snack-bars, fast-food restaurants, bars and night clubs.

At the very luxurious restaurants dinner is a la carte. Such restaurants are usually famous for their haute cuisine. They have a sophisticated atmosphere. Their service is impeccable.

At the formal luxury restaurants the surroundings are elegant and the cuisine is superb. They are appropriate for business lunches and romantic dinners.

The informal national restaurants serve typical local dishes. They offer a lot of home-made dishes. They make bread and pasta themselves. These restaurants have two sorts of dinner menu: a la carte and a three-course fixed price menu. The atmosphere there is cosy and relaxed and the meals are reasonably priced.

At the coffee shops the surroundings are modest and the atmosphere is friendly. The customers can have quick snacks with drinks there. These places serve sandwiches, salads, cakes and beverages. They may offer table service, counter service or self-service.

The snack-bars have a very relaxed atmosphere and very modest surroundings. They offer self-catering as a rule. The customers can have some snack with their drink.

The fast-food restaurants offer a very quick counter service. The choice of food and drinks if fixed but limited. Such places provide a drive-in and take-out service.

The bars offer different kinds of drinks, mixed drinks, beer, juices, soda. They can also serve nuts and crisp biscuits to go with the drinks.

At the night clubs the customers can have excellent wine and delicious dishes and dance to a band. Such places have a floor show. The customers can gamble if they like. They are very expensive but provide overnight catering and entertainment until 4 a.m. as a rule.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня:

Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы вPresentили PastSimple.

- 1. We (not to rest) yesterday.
- 2. My brother (not to drink) coffee yesterday.
- 3. My mother always (to take) a bus to get to work, but yesterday she (not to take) a bus. Yesterday she (to walk) to her office.
- 4. You (to talk) to the members of your family every day? Yes, I But yesterday I (not to talk) to them: I (to be) very busy yesterday.
- 5. You (to come) home at six o'clock yesterday? - No, IYesterday I (to come) home from school at half past eight.I (to be) very tired.I (to have) dinner with my family.After dinner I (to be) very thirsty.I (to drink) two cups of tea.ThenI (torest).

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. What are the eight different types of places where people can eat and drink?
- 2. What kind of places are the very luxurious and the formal luxury restaurants?
- 3. What kind of places are the informal national restaurants?
- 4. What kind of places are the coffee shops and the snack-bars?
- 5. What kind of places are the fast-food restaurants?
- 6. What kind of places are the bars?
- 7. What kind of places are the night clubs?

2. Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Тема 6.11. Обслуживание банкетов.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

THE BANQUETING SERVICES

A banquet is a formal dinner for a large group of people.

Hotels and restaurants often arrange and give banquets.

Many restaurants have got banqueting facilities. They can arrange meals in a special dining room for public and private functions. The public functions are company dinners, press conferences or fashion shows. The private functions are weddings, birthday parties or dinner dances.

For some of these functions restaurants provide table service usual or buffet service usual. It means that there may be waiter service, counter service or selfservice.

Banquets have become part of conventions.

The banquet manager is in charge of the banquet. During the banquet the banquet manager and the staff of waiters and waitresses provide smooth service to a large number of people. The banquet manager handles the whole ceremony.

Before the banquet has started the banquet manager makes bulk purchases of the products for the banquet. Buying large quantities of food and beverages can be very profitable for the catering department.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня:

ВставьтеFutureContinuous.

- 1. This time next Monday, I _____ in a huge office in New York. (work)
- 2. This time on Tuesday, Mary ______ on a beach in Italy. (sunbathe)
- 3. Don't make noise after midnight I ______ soundly, I hope. (sleep)
- 4. Jackeline ______ to Kenya tomorrow at this time. (fly)
- 5. Students _____ copies while he _____ the report. (make/ finish)
- 6. I_____ in my study library at 6pm tomorrow. (work).
- 7. This time next year we _____ the Pacific Ocean. (cross)
- 8. I ______ the dinner table while my mother ______ the meat. (lay / prepare)
- 9. You'll recognize Molly! She ______ a pink hat. (wear)
- 10. From 7 till 12 I _____ classes. (have)
- 11. _____you _____ your bike this evening? (use)
- 12. My auntie and uncle ______ with us this weekend. (stay)
- 13. I _______ television from ten pm to midnight. (to watch)
- 14. This time on Friday I _____ on the beach. (to lie)
- 15. What ______ tomorrow evening? (to do)
- 16. _____you _____ late tomorrow night? (to work)
- 17. Don't ring Greg up at 10am. He_____ his music lesson. (have)
- 18. The boys of our team ______ football tomorrow morning. (play)

19. It ______ probably ______ when we arrive in Kongo. (rain)

20. It is mid-autumn, the leaves ______ soon . (fall)

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. What is a banquet?
- 2. What kind of functions do restaurants arrange banquets for?
- 3. What are public functions?
- 4. What are private functions?
- 5. What kind of service do restaurants provide at the banquets?
- 6. What does the banquet manager do?
- 7. Why are banquets profitable for the catering department?

2. Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Тема 9.3. Ознакомление с меню. Заказ блюд.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

DINNER AT THE RESTAURANT

Usually I have dinner at home but last Sunday my friend invited me to have dinner at the restaurant. When we came in the head- waiter showed us to the table. We sat down at the table and the waiter gave us the menu. The table was already set for dinner. There was a white table-cloth on the table, plates, spoons, knives and forks on it. In the middle of the table there was a dish with white and brown bread, a cruet-set with a salt-cellar and pots for pepper and mustard.

We decided to begin with some kind of appetizer or hors-d'oeuvre. My friend ordered clear chicken soup with noodles and I chose cabbage soup with small meat pies.

For the second course there was a wide choice of dishes: fried fish and chips, pancakes with salmon, scallops fried in vegetable oil, veal cutlets, pork chops with fried potatoes, steaks and grilled chicken. For the second course the waiter suggested the specialty of the restaurant — pan-fried veal chops with spring onions.

For dessert we decided to take vanilla ice cream, coffee and apple pie.

Everything was very tasty and the service was good. The waiter brought us a bill. We paid the bill and left the restaurant.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня: Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:

1 wants to see him.		
1. any	2.somebody	3.something
2. Is there here who kn	ows this man?	
1. any	2.somebody	3.anybody
3. Have you read books	on Dickens?	
1. any	2.somebody	3.something
4. Can tell me how to g	get to the Public Libr	ary?
1. any	2.anybody	3.something
5. Here are books by E	nglish writers.	
1. some	2.somebody	3.something

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. When did my friend invite me to have dinner?
- 2. Was the table laid for dinner already?
- 3. What was there on the table?
- 4. What was there in the middle of the table?
- 5. What did we decide to begin dinner with?
- 6. What did my friend order?

2. Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Тема 11.1. Русская национальная кухня.

1. Задачи репродуктивного уровня.

1. Прочитать текст, выписать новые слова и выражения.

RUSSIAN CUISINE

Russian Cuisine is a mixture of many cultural traditions. Russian cuisine includes all kinds of vegetables, mushrooms, meat, milk products, honey, fruits and berries, and a variety of wheat, barley, and rye grains.

The Russian people have always been gourmets. Many names of Russian dishes and liquors have become international. For example: vodka, Mini, piroshki, pelmeni.

In Moscow restaurants you can taste the traditional Russian fish soup "ukha" with a huge crawfish. There is a big choice of appetizers, soups on the menu: Russian meat soup with fresh cabbage — shchi, meat and fish soup — solyanka,

kidney soup with dills — rassolnik, fish soup — ukha, okroshka soup, green sorrel soup and cold beetroot soup — svekolnik.

For snacks the guests can taste cold meat dishes: ham, cold boiled pork — buzhenina, jellied tongue, meat jelly with horseradish sauce and various salads. The waiters recommend the guests pressed and red caviar, salmon, stuffed pike-perch, sturgeon in aspic, herring, marinated herring, smoked sprats and so on. The guests can also choose blini with caviar and salmon.

For the main course the guests can order sturgeon of any kind — boiled, steamed or on a spit. There are a lot of meat dishes on the menu: roast veal, beef-Stroganoff, minced meat wrapped in cabbage leaves — golubtsi, roast chicken, roast duck, goose stuffed with apples and sauerkraut, and so on. Russians are great lovers of pelmeni, small Siberian meat pies boiled in broth.

Russian cooking has a great variety of desserts. Kissel has been a favorite dish for many centuries. Kissel is made from fresh or dried fruits or from berries. For dessert you can also have apples baked with sugar, fruit and berry juice.

Russian cuisine is famous for a large variety of milk products: cottage cheese — tvorog, thick sour cream — smetana, and Russian yogurts — kefir and ryazhenka.

The guests can taste various Russian pies. They are pies with fish filling — rasstegai, a pie with meat or cabbage filling — kulebiaka, open tarts with curd — vatrushki.

Russian honey-cakes are called prianiki, thick O-shaped rolls are called boubliki, dry O-shaped rolls are called baranki or sooshki. Wheat loaves have dozens of varieties. As to rye bread, Russians eat more of it than any nation in the world — a peculiarity of the Russian diet.

2. Выучить наизусть новые слова и выражения.

2. Задачи реконструктивного уровня:

Поставьте подходящий предлог.

- 1. It has been raining ... (for/since/until) last Friday.
- 2. I didn't see you ... (in/at/on) home.
- 3. Where are you ... (from/in/at)? Russia. But I live ... (from/in/at) Germany.
- 4. Wait ... (of/by/for) me. I will come back ... (in/over/with) an hour.
- 5. We often travel ... (in/to/at) Sochi ... (on/in/by) train.
- 6. Lucy has worked as a waitress ... (for/since/during) four years.
- 7. He couldn't fall asleep ... (since/for/until) 3 in the morning.
- 8. Was she named ... (after/to/by) her grandmother.
- 9. They are interested ... (by/in/with) philosophy.
- 10. I am not fond ... (in/with/of) cats.
- 11. You should turn left ... (at/on/in) the corner.
- 12. ... (At/In/On) 10 o'clock Ben was talking ... (on/in/at) the phone.
- 13. They are still ... (in/on/at) work.
- 14. He never goes ... (to/at/in) the cinema.
- 15. The portrait ... (by/of/at) my mother was painted ... (by/of/at) a famous artist.

3. Задачи творческого уровня:

1. Найти ответы на вопросы в тексте:

- 1. What foodstuffs are used in Russian cuisine?
- 2. What names of Russian dishes and liquors have become international?
- 3. What are the names of Russian traditional soups?
- 4. What are the names of Russian meat dishes?
- 5. How are Russian traditional milk products called?
- 6. What are the names of Russian pies, honey-cakes, and rolls?

2. Подготовить сообщение по тексту.

Критерии оценивания компетенций.

Отметка "5" ставится, если студент:

- 1. выполнил работу без ошибок и недочетов;
- 2. допустил не более одного недочета.

Отметка "4" ставится, если студент выполнил работу полностью, но допустил в ней:

- 1. не более одной негрубой ошибки и одного недочета;
- 2. или не более двух недочетов.

Отметка "3" ставится, если студент правильно выполнил не менее 2/3 работы или допустил:

- 1. не более двух грубых ошибок;
- 2. или не более одной грубой и одной негрубой ошибки и одного недочета;
- 3. или не более двух-трех негрубых ошибок;
- 4. или одной негрубой ошибки и трех недочетов;
- 5. или при отсутствии ошибок, но при наличии четырех-пяти недочетов.

Отметка "2" ставится, если студент:

- 1. допустил число ошибок и недочетов превосходящее норму, при которой может быть выставлена оценка "3";
- 2. или если правильно выполнил менее половины работы.

Составитель _____ Т.Г. Кузьменко

(подпись)

«____»____20 г.

Министерство науки и высшего образования Российской Федерации МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

«СЕВЕРО-КАВКАЗСКИЙ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ» Пятигорский институт (филиал) СКФУ Колледж Пятигорского института (филиала) СКФУ

УТВЕРЖДАЮ

Директор Пятигорского института (филиал) СКФУ

> _____ Т.А. Шебзухова «__» _____ 20__ г.

Комплект заданий для контрольной работы

по дисциплине Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

Контрольная работа за 3 семестр

I вариант

1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в соответствующей временной форме.

- 1. The baby always (to sleep) after dinner.
- 2. They (to work) at the bank.
- 3. He (to spend) last summer in the country.
- 4. Kate (to cook) breakfast yesterday.
- 5. She (to help) me every day.

2. Допишите недостающие формы глагола.

tolose			lost	
	saw		seen	
		met		met
to take			taken	
togive			given	

3. Употребите глагол в одной из форм временной группы Continuous.

- 1. Our director (to sign) the contract now.
- 2. Yesterday, as I (walk) down the Strand, I met George, an old friend of mine.
- 3. Don't ring him up at 11 o'clock tomorrow. He (to work) at that moment.
- 4. Listen! My sister (to play) the piano.

4. Переведите на русскийязык.

- 1. The heart of Moscow is the Kremlin.
- 2. The Red Square is the most popular sights of Moscow.
- 3. More than 56 million people live in Britain.
- 4. The United Kingdom is an island state.

5. Переведите на английский язык.

- 1. Москва- современный город.
- 2. Центральная часть России имеет мягкий климат.
- 3. Москва не только промышленный центр нашей страны, но также и культурный.
- 4. Шотландцы живут в Шотландии.

II вариант

1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в соответствующей временной форме.

- 1. You (to go) abroad last summer.
- 2. He (to play) computer games every day.
- 3. I (to send) a letter to my parents last week.
- 4. They (to buy) ice cream every day.
- 5. Usually my father (to read) newspaper after dinner.

2. Допишите недостающие формы глагола.

	letlet	
todrink		drunk
to read		read
	meantn	neant

tobeginbegan -----

3. Употребите глагол в одной из форм временной группы Continuous.

- 1. I (to translate) this article, when my mother came.
- 2. The conference (to take) place from 2 till 60'clock next Monday.
- 3. At this time tomorrow I (to take) my examination.
- 4. This students (to learn) the new words at this moment.

4. Переведите на русский язык.

- 1. England, Scotland and Wales are situated in Great Britain Island.
- 2. Northern Ireland and the Independent Irish Republic are situated in Ireland Island.
- 3. Everyone in Britain speaks English.
- 4. The Volga is the longest river in Europe.

5. Переведите на английский язык.

- 1. Россия занимает около 1/7 части суши.
- 2. Третьяковская Галерея является сокровищницей Российского искусства.
- 3. Столица Шотландии Эдинбург.
- 4. Енисей и Обь- самые длинные реки Азии.

Контрольная работа за 4 семестр І вариант

I. Вставить модальный глагол can или could.

- 1. I ... read when I was 6.
- 2. ... you see the train arriving at the station?
- 3. My brother ... help me last time.
- 4. Ann ... speak English as well as French.

II. Указать тип условного придаточного предложения и употребить пропущенный глагол в соответствующей временной форме.

- 1. We shall be grateful if you (to send) us your catalogue.
- 2. If we (to have) some pictures on wall, this room would be nicer.
- 3. If there (to be) a good film on TV tonight, I would watch it.
- 4. If I (not feel) well tomorrow, I'll stay at home.

III. Не переводя предложений, определить временную форму глагола, которую нужно употребить в предлагаемых предложениях.

- 1. Я говорю с заказчиками по утрам.
- 2. Завтра в полдень я позвоню в Лондон.
- 3. Он никогда не был за границей.
- 4. Мы стараемся увеличить доходы предприятия.
- 5. Я звонила нашим клиентам, когда вошел г-н Соколов.

II вариант.

I. Вставить модальный глагол must или had to.

- 1. Come on! We... hurry. We haven't got much time.
- 2. We arrived very late last night. We ... wait half an hour for a taxi.
- 3. Ann came to the party but she didn't stay very long. She ... leave early.
- 4. He didn't know how to use the machine. I ... show him.

II. Указать тип условного придаточного предложения и употребить пропущенный глагол в соответствующей временной форме.

- 1. If we (to have) more money, we would buy a bigger house.
- 2. I would go to England if I (can) go anywhere in the world.
- 3. If we (to go) by taxi we'll get there more quickly.

4. If they (to see) Ann tomorrow, they ask her to phone you.

III. Не переводя предложений, определить временную форму глагола, которую нужно употребить в предлагаемых предложениях.

- 1. Сейчас глава делегации подписывает соглашение.
- 2. Они вложили излишек дохода в новое дело в прошлом году.
- 3. Завтра весь день я буду вести переговоры с клиентами.
- 4. В следующем году мы откроем наше представительство за границей.
- 5. Директор уже подписал соглашение с партнерами.

Контрольная работа за 5 семестр

Вариант 1

1. Переведите предложения на английский язык:

- 1. Она читала книгу, когда зазвонил телефон?
- 2. Вы обсуждали последние новости, когда начался снег?
- 3. Сколько стоили эти книги в прошлом году?
- 4. Мне не нравилась эта гостиница.
- 5. Мой брат плавал в реке на прошлых выходных.
- 6. Сколько стоит эта книга?
- 7. Мне не нравится эта гостиница.
- 8. Мой брат плавает с друзьями на выходных.
- 9. Она готовит обед в данный момент.
- 10. Сейчас мы идем в кафе, потому что мы хотим кушать.

2.Напишите предложения в отрицательной форме:

- 1. I met my boss in the restaurant.
- 2. I enjoyed skiing.
- 3. His mother put the keys in her pocket.
- 4. My friend came home late.
- 5. His parents learnt Spanish.
- 6. My friends speak English fluently.
- 7. Her aunt works on Saturdays.
- 8. We buy English magazines.
- 9. Your husband cooks very well.
- 10.Paul lives in the UK.

3.Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

1. There is too ... (much/many/a few) salt in the soup. (В супе слишком много соли.)

- 2. There are ... (much/a little/a few) sky-scrapers in our city. (В нашем городе есть несколько небоскребов.)
- 3. I've got ... (much/a few/a little) albums of this singer. (У меня есть несколько альбомов этого исполнителя.)
- 4. My job allows me to travel ... (much/many/a few). (Моя работа позволяет мне много путешествовать.)
- 5. We've got ... (little/many/few) free time. (У нас мало свободного времени.)
- 6. They're going away for a few / a little days.
- 7. I think you've put too many / too much sugar in your tea.
- 8. How many / much time have we got left?
- 9. Do you know much / many foreign people? No, I don't. I know very few / a few.

Вариант 2

1. Переведите предложения на английский язык:

- 1. Что ты делал, когда это случилось?
- 2. Что он делал, когда сломал ногу?
- 3. Что твой муж готовил вчера?
- 4. Моя дочь не играла в теннис.
- 5. Их дети ходили в кино летом.
- 6. Где живет твоя мама?
- 7. Что твой муж готовит каждый вечер?
- 8. Моя дочь не играет в теннис.
- 9. Сейчас идет дождь.
- 10. Мы идем домой, потому что мы замерзли.

2.Напишите предложения в отрицательной форме:

- 1. Jane spoke English fluently.
- 2. Her aunt worked on Saturdays.
- 3. We read these new American magazines.
- 4. My husband found a wallet last night.
- 5. Paul swam in the pool.
- 6. This book costs much.
- 7. I like this hotel.
- 8. His mother works in the garden.
- 9. My friend comes from Australia.
- 10. His parents learn Spanish.

3.Выберите правильный вариант ответа:

- 1. I have never seen so ... (much/little/many) stars in the sky. (Я никогда не видел так много звезд в небе.)
- 2. Anna spent ... (much/a few/a little) days in Rome. (Анна провела несколько дней в Риме.)
- 3. I'd like just ... (much/a few/a little) tea. (Я бы хотел лишь немного чая.)
- 4. There was very ... (little/few/many) rain last autumn. (Прошлой осенью было очень мало дождей.)
- 5. Very ... (few/little/much) Russian tourists are staying at our hotel. (Очень мало русских туристов проживает в нашем отеле.)
- 6. He's got little / a little time. He can play football.
- 7. We've got little / a little coffee. It's not enough for all of us.
- 8. There are a few / few sweets in the box. It's almost empty.
- 9. I've got few / a few apples. I can make some juice.

Контрольная работа за 6 семестр Вариант 1

Задание 1. Составьте предложения

Pizza	bitter
Chips	tasteless
Grapefruits	salty
Sausage	sour
Apricots	sweet
Apples	spicy
Oranges	crunchy
Flour	fattening
is	juicy
are	

- Задание 2. Найдите лишнее слово
- 1) tea, sausage, meat, fish;
- 2) potatoes, apples, plums, peaches;
- 3) hamburger, sandwich, pizza, sugar;
- 4) lunch, dinner, cheese, breakfast;
- 5) juice, milk, bacon, coffee;
- 6) salad, soup, honey, cereal;
- 7) vinegar, salt, ketchup, lemonade.

Задание 3. Разделите слова на группы и назовите эти группы

Pepper, water, bacon, cucumbers, apricots, sausages, salt, paprika, sandwiches, milk, coffee, tomatoes, parsley, peaches, peanuts, pizza, butter, ham, lemonade, dill, hamburger, kefir, cottage cheese, tomatoes, plums, ketchup, carrots, sour cream, salad, cutlets, garlic, yoghurt, juice, oranges, raspberries, chicken, lemons, turkey, potatoes, hot dogs, frankfurters, grapes.

Задание 4. Заполните пропуски словами из рамки

animals die healthy mouth play bowl people energy knives spoons chopsticks Europeans left plants daily grow man plates Food Food is one of our most important _____ needs. It gives us _____ to work and _____. It makes us grow, and keeps our bodies strong and _____. Without food, we _____. All living things — plants, _____ and man — need food to live and _____. But only _____ make their own food. They also provide food for animals and _____. Customs influence the ways _____ eat. Most Americans and _____ eat from individual _____, using _____, forks, and _____. Arabs use only their hands to spoon foods from a central _____. Chinese and Japanese use ______ to pick up food from a small bowl heal close to the ______.

Вариант 2

a bottle of honey	a kilo of chocolate
a glass of meat	a jug of Cola
a slice of water	a bar of cheese
a loaf of tea	a packet of peanuts
a cup of bread	a piece of cheese
a carton of milk	a can of ham
a jar of sugar	a tin of fish
Задание 2. Соотнесите страны и еду, кото	рую в ней едят
1. Africa a. corn, rice, other grains	

- 2. Britain b. fish, onions, garlic
- 3. China c. rice, curry
- 4. Italy d. rice, spicy fried foods with noodles
- 5. France e. rice, vegetables, raw or cooked fish
- 6. Germany f. roast beef, Yorkshire pudding
- 7. India g. sauces

Задание 3. Разделите слова на группы и назовите эти группы

Pepper, water, bacon, cucumbers, apricots, sausages, salt, paprika, sandwiches, milk, coffee, tomatoes, parsley, peaches, peanuts, pizza, butter, ham, lemonade, dill, hamburger, kefir, cottage cheese, tomatoes, plums, ketchup, carrots, sour cream, salad, cutlets, garlic, yoghurt, juice, oranges, raspberries, chicken, lemons, turkey, potatoes, hot dogs, frankfurters, grapes.

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But only make their own food. They also provide food for		
animals and		

Customs influence the ways ______ eat. Most Americans and ______ eat from individual ______, using ______, forks, and ______. Arabs use only their ______ hands to spoon foods from a central ______. Chinese and Japanese use ______ to pick up food from a small bowl heal close to the ______.

Контрольная работа за 7 семестр Вариант 1

Задание 1. Подбери к слову перевод.

1.accountant	а) мусорщик
2. architect	b) плотник
3. baker	с) мясник
4. bricklayer	d) уборщик
5. butcher	е) шеф-повар
6. carpenter	f) электрик
7. chef	g) пекарь
8. cleaner	h) бухгалтер
9. dustman	і) архитектор
10. electrician	ј) каменщик

Задание 2. Прочитайте текст. Подберите название к тексту из предложенных вариантов.

A person is seen and evaluated through his behavior and communication with other people. If someone has a rich and beautiful inner world he or she demonstrates high level of social etiquette. Sometimes when we simply say "Hello!" meeting people and "Good Bye!" leaving, it shows our good manners. It is also necessary to use polite words in formal situations and when talking to strangers or elderly people.

- 1. Table manners
- 2. Public behavior
- 3. Good manners
- 4. Courtesy
- 5. Bad manners

Задание 3. Установите соответствие между страной и блюдом.

	a) pasta
	b) roll
Mexica	c) studen
Italy	d) tacos
Russia	e) sushi
Japan	f) zbiten
	g) quesadillas
	h) pizza

Задание 4. Прочитайте текст. Выбери действующее лицо из левой колонки и соответствующую ему информацию из правой.

Judy took her first job in a restaurant only as a mean to buy a car, but soon she like it very much. She graduated from the Culinary Institute of America and worked for a time as a line cook in Florida, then was offered the chef position at the Country Club. "I1m happy because I love what I do," she says.

- 1. Nick a) His mother couldn't cook.
 - Mary b) His father didn't want him to be a cook.
- 3. David c) She had plans to be an artist.
- 4. Philippe
- 5. Judy e) She says she's happy because she loves what

d) His father was a baker.

she does.

2.

f) He`s a pastry chef at a restaurant.

g) She is a head chef at the Country Club.

h) She is a co-owner of a restaurant.

Задание 5. Ответьте на любые 5 вопросов о себе. Запишите вопросы и ответы в форме диалога.

- 1. When did you decide to become a cook?
- 2. Who is the best cook in your family?
- 3. Are there cooks among your relatives?
- 4. Do your parents approve of your choice?
- 5. Have you ever taken part in a culinary competition?
- 6. Where would you like to work after college?
- 7. Would you like to continue your studies?
- 8. What do you like in your profession?

Вариант 2

Задание 1. Заполните резюме	2
Surname	Resume
First	
name	
Address	
Telephone number	
 Age	
Sex	
Date of birth	
Nationality	Marital
status	
Occupation	
Interests	

Signature	 	
Date	 	

Задание 2. Переведите инструкцию на русский язык.

The Cook must know:

-legislation, regulations, orders another guiding and normative documents and materials related to nutrition;

-sanitary-epidemiological rules and regulations;

-recipes, cooking techniques, quality requirements, rules, terms and conditions of storage of dishes;

-types, properties, and a culinary destination of products;

-organoleptic characteristics and methods of determining the quality of products; -rules, techniques and sequence of operations to prepare products for heat treatment; -assign, rules for the use of technological equipment, industrial equipment, tools, weighing equipment, utensils and care for them.

Задание 3. Составь предложения из предложенных слов.

- 1. Could, rest, have, we, a, room, in, a, special.
- 2. Juice, I, and, order, a, salad, an, orange, a.
- 3. Restaurants, many, offer, to, their, them, visitors.

Задание 4. Выберите нужную форму глагола.

1. It was 8.00 in the morning. A lot of people <u>stood / were standing</u> at the bus stop, waiting to go to work.

- 2. When I woke up this morning it rained / was raining.
- 3. What <u>did you do / were you doing</u> with that electric drill? I was putting up some book shelves in my bedroom.
- 4. The poor chap died / was dying. All we could do was comfort him.
- 5. My eyes ached because I had read / had been reading for three hours.

Задание 5. Заполните пропуск нужной формой глагола have + существительное из приведенных ниже. Обратите внимание на то, что в сочетаниях типа have breakfast / lunch артикль не используется (но have a meal).

drink row look swim bath breakfast word day game time supper talk

1. "Did you ______a good ______ of tennis?"

"Yes, I won 6-0, 6-2."

2. I have a swimming pool at home, so if you want to ______ a _____, just come round.

3. John! Could I ______ a _____ with you for a minute? There's something I want to ask you about.

Контрольный срез № 1.

(третий семестр)

I вариант

Выберите один правильный вариант ответа:

1. That is not my umbrella;is yellow.

a) my

- b) mine
- c) me
- 2. The company has offices in many places, buthead office is in New York.
 - a) his
 - b) its
 - c) it
- 3. There is a new film on. Have you seen?
 - a) he
 - b) its
 - c) it

4. Don't keep the children indoors in this fine weather; letgo for a walk.

- a) they
- b) them
- c) their
- 5. I don't like dogs. I am afraid of
 - a) they
 - b) them
 - c) their

6. We have a large garden. Do you know wheregarden is?

- a) us
- b) our
- c) ours

7.Do you know this man? – Yes, I work with

- a) he
- b) him
- c) his
- 8. My mother is doctor.
 - a) a
 - b) an
 - c) the
- 9. children play basketball.
 - a) A
 - b) An
 - c) The
- 10. What isNorth Pole?

- a) a
- b) an
- c) the

11. Our two ... are crying all the time.

- a) babies
- b) babys
- c) babyes
- 12. No news ... good news.
 - a) is
 - b) are
 - c) am

13. My pupils are so noisy, that I have to keep an eye on _____.

- a) your
- b) her
- c) them

14. My father likes to go fishing. I often join _____.

- a) he
- b) him
- c) it
- 15. _____ am your new doctor.
 - a) I
 - b) He
 - c) We

II вариант

Выберите один правильный вариант ответа:

1. I can't findtextbook. Have you seen it anywhere?

- a) my
- b) mine
- c) me
- 2. My textbook is at home today. Will you, please, give me?
 - a) yours
 - b) your
 - c) you
- 3. I can't visit, I don't know their address.
 - a) they
 - b) them
 - c) their
- 4. Have you told your mother aboutboy friend?
 - a) yours
 - b) your
 - c) you
- 5. Is this camera?
 - a) yours
 - b) your
 - c) you

6. Sally is married. husband works in a bank.

- a) she
- b) her
- c) hers
- 7. We know their names, but they don't know
 - a) us
 - b) our
 - c)ours
- 8. Do you have ball?
 - a) a
 - b) an
 - c) the
- 9. My daughter goes to school.
 - a) a
 - b) -
 - c) the
- 10. What do you need these ... for?
 - a) boxs
 - b) boxes
- 11. ... are flowers of life.
 - a) Childs
 - b) Children
 - c) Childrens
- 12. Dentists recommend using ... twice a day: in the morning and in the evening.
 - a) tooth's paste
 - b) toothpaste
 - c) teeth's paste
- 13. _____ am your new teacher.
 - a) I
 - b) He
 - c) We

14. My children are very nice guys. But sometimes _____ are so naughty.

- a) they
- b) you
- c) she

15. Martha and Jane are good friends. People like _____.

- a) her
- b) she
- c) them

Контрольный срез № 2.

(третий семестр)

ВариантІ.

- 1. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа для слова *mouse* а) mouses
 - a) mouses \cdot
 - b) mices
 - c) mice

2. Выбери правильный вариант: You _____ sit down. a) may b) must 3. Употреби правильный модальный глагол You really _____ work harder. a) must b) should 4. Вставьтенеобходимыйпредлог. I can't get _____ with my sister a) at b) along 5. Вставьтеартикль, еслинеобходимо. He loves living by _____ sea. a) a b) the c) -6. Выбери правильную форму глагола. - Do you know about Sue? - She _____ her job. a) has given up b) gave up 7. Выберите правильнуюформуглагола. We arrived at work in the morning and found that somebody ______ into the office during the night. a) has broken b) had broken c) broke 8. Дополни предложение. I was very tired when I arrived home. I _____ hard all day. a)had been working b)were working c)have been working 9. Заполни пропуски. We ______ always ______ sweets when we were kids. a) are eating b)were eating 10. Выберитеправильнуюформуглагола. - Why are you turning on the television? - I_____ watch the news. a) am going to b) will 11. Выбери глагол в правильной форме пассивного залога. Many accidents _____ by careless driving. a) are caused b) are being caused c) were caused

- 12. Закончите предложение, употребив инфинитив или герундий. Iliketo_____.
 - a) cooking
 - b) cook
- 13. Закончите предложение, выбрав глагол в нужной форме. If you took more exercise, you _____ better.
 - a) will feel
 - b) would feel
- 14. Закончите предложение, поставив глагол в нужную форму. If I'd been hungry, I_____ something.
 - a) would have eaten
 - b) would eat
- 15. Дополнипредложениеглаголом.
 - She said she_____remember her name.
 - a) can`t
 - b) couldn`t

Вариант 2.

- 1. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа для слова *woman* а) wimen
 - b) womans
 - c) women
- 2. Выбери правильный вариант:
 - You _____ eat as much as you like.
 - a) may
 - b) can
- 3. Употреби правильный модальный глагол

You _____ come to dinner on Sunday.

- a) have to
- b) should
- 4. Вставьтенеобходимыйпредлог.

By the time we got _____ home, she had already slept.

- a) in
- b) at
- c) back
- 5. Вставьте артикль, если необходимо.
 - _____ Chemistry is a difficult subject.
 - a) a
 - b) the
 - c) -
- Выбери правильную форму глагола. I don`t know where Amy is _____ her? have you seen did you see
- Выбери правильную форму глагола. You went to Jill's house but she wasn't there, she_____ out.

has gone had gone went 8. Дополните предложение. We ______ for half an hour when it started to rain. had been playing were playing have been playing 9. Заполните пропуски. - I'm afraid I've lost my key again. - Not again! You _____ always _____ your key. a) are losing b) were losing 10. Выберите правильную форму глагола. - Ann is in hospital. - Oh, really? I_____ visit her tomorrow. a) am going to b) will 11. Выберите глагол в правильной форме пассивного залога. The room looks nice. It _____. a) was cleaned b) has been cleaned c) had been cleaned 12. Закончите предложение, употребив инфинитив или герундий. I enjoy _____. a) fly b) flying 13. Закончите предложение, поставив глагол в нужную форму. If I sold my car I _____ much money for it. a) wouldn`t get b) won`t get 14. Закончите предложение, поставив глагол в нужную форму. I didn't know you were in hospital. If I had known, I_____ to visit you. a) would go b) would have gone 15. Дополнипредложениеглаголом. He said that he a lot of relatives. a) has b) had Контрольный срез № 1. (четвертый семестр)

Variant №1.

Choose the correct variant.

1. Every _____ person in our company is not satisfied with his salary.

- a) three
- b) the third

c) third

2. Ok! See you on _____ of April.

- a) the twentyth seventh
- b) twenty-seven
- c) the twenty-seventh

3. 1st

- a) first
- b) one
- c) third

4.40

- a) fourty
- b) fourteen
- c) forty

5. 3400936

- a) three million four hundred thousand nine hundred and thirty six
- b) three million four hundred nine hundred and thirty six
- c) three millions four hundred thousand nine hundred and thirty six

6. 14:40

- a) It's twenty to two
- b) It's twenty to three
- c) It's twenty past three

7.7:30

- a) It's half past six.
- b) It's half past seven.
- c) It's half past eight.

8. It'stwentypasteight.

- a) 7:40
- b) 8:20
- c) 8:40

9. It'shalfpastseven.

- a) 6:30
- b) 7:30
- c) 8:30

10. The 11th of April 2001

- a) The eleven of April two thousand eleven
- b) The eleventh of April two thousand and one
- c) The eleventh April thousands one

11. The month after December is

- a) February
- b) January
- c) July

12. The month before May is

- a) April
- b) August
- c) December

13. The day before Monday is

a) Tuesday

- b) Sunday
- c) Friday

14. The day after Monday is

- a) Wednesday
- b) Tuesday
- c) Thursday

15. Your task is to read ... paragraph at home.

- a) nine
- b) the ninth
- c) the nine

Variant № 2.

Choose the correct variant.

1. It is _____ hit. I like such songs.

- a) his the third
- b) his third
- c) the third his

2. This bouquet costs _____ dollars!

- a) two hundreds
- b) two hundred
- c) two hundred of

3. 2nd

- a) third
- b) two
- c) second

4.100

- a) onethousand
- b) onehundred
- c) a million

5. 2,465

- a) Two thousand, four hundreds and sixty-five
- b) Two thousand, four hundred and sixty-five
- c) Two thousands, four hundred and sixty-five

6.5:50

- a) It's ten to six.
- b) It's ten past six.
- c) It's ten to five.

7.10:30

- a) It's half to ten.
- b) It's half to eleven.
- c) It's half past ten.

8. It's a quarter past five.

- a) 4:45
- b) 5:15
- c) 6:15
- 9. It'saquartertoten.

- a) 10:15
- b) 10:45
- c) 9:45

10. 25th January, 1997

- a) the twenty-fifth of January, nineteen ninety-seven
- b) the twenty-fifth of January, ninety-seven
- c) the twenty-five of January, nineteen ninety-seven

11. The month after July is

- a) June
- b) August
- c) May

12. The month before April is

- a) May
- b) March
- c) June

13. The day before Thursday is

- a) Tuesday
- b) Wednesday
- c) Friday

14. The day after Tuesday is

- a) Wednesday
- b) Tuesday
- c) Thursday

15. I wonder what the world will be at the end of _____ century?

- a) twenty one
- b) the twentieth-first
- c) the twenty-first

Контрольный срез № 2.

(четвертый семестр)

ВариантI.

1. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Present Simple или Past Simple, Future Simple:

- 1. I (not to go) to the cinema every day.
- 2. I (not to go) to the cinema yesterday.
- 3. I (to go) to bed at ten o'clock tomorrow.
- 4. She (not to go) to the cinema tomorrow.
- 5. You (to watch) TV every day.

2. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголывFutureSimple:

- 1. I want to get a medical checkup. I (to go) to my doctor tomorrow.
- 2. He (to give) me a complete examination.
- 3. The nurse (to lead) me into one of the examination rooms.
- 4. I (to take) off my clothes and (to put) on a hospital gown.

5. She (to go) to the institute in the morning.

3. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Presentили PastSimple.

- 1. I (to go) to bed at ten o'clock every day.
- 2. I (to go) to bed at ten o'clock yesterday.
- 3. My brother (to wash) his face every morning.
- 4. Yesterday he (to wash) his face at a quarter past seven.
- 5. I (not to have) history lessons every day.
- 6. Your sister (to go) to school every day? - Yes, she

ВариантII.

1. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголывPresentSimpleилиPastSimple, FutureSimple:

- 1. My mother (to watch) TV yesterday.
- 2. We (to watch) TV tomorrow.
- 3. When you (to leave) home for school every day.
- 4. My brother (to go) to work every day. He (to leave) home at a quarter past eight. As the office he (to work) at (to be) near our house, he (to walk) there. He (not to take) a bus. Yesterday he (not to go) to work. Yesterday he (to get) up at nine o'clock.
- 5. You (to have) a PT lesson yesterday? No, I
- 6. What you (to buy) at the shop yesterday? -I (to buy) a book.

2. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы вFutureSimple:

- 1. I (to stand) on his scale so he can measure my height and my weight.
- 2. He (to take) my pulse.
- 3. Then he (to take) my pressure.
- 4. After he takes my blood pressure, he (to take) some blood for a blood analysis.
- 5. He (examine) my eyes, ears, nose and throat.

3. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в PresentилиPastSimple.

- 1. We (not to rest) yesterday.
- 2. My brother (not to drink) coffee yesterday.
- 3. My mother always (to take) a bus to get to work, but yesterday she (not to take) a bus. Yesterday she (to walk) to her office.
- 4. You (to talk) to the members of your family every day? Yes, I But yesterday I (not to talk) to them: I (to be) very busy yesterday.
- 5. You (to come) home at six o'clock yesterday? - No, IYesterday I (to come) home from school at half past eight.I (to be) very tired.I (to have) dinner with my family.After dinner I (to be) very thirsty.I (to drink) two cups of tea.ThenI (torest).

Контрольныйсрез № 1. (пятый семестр) ВариантІ.

1. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Present Continuous, Present Simple или Future Simple:

- 1. My sister (not to like) coffee.
- 2. When you (to go) to bed every day?
- 3. What he (to read) now?
- 4. What he (to read) every day?
- 5. What he (to read) tomorrow?
- 6. You (to give) me this book tomorrow?
- 7. Where she (to be) tomorrow?
- 8. Where she (to go) tomorrow?
- 9. She (to go) to the country with us tomorrow?
- 10. They (to stay) at home tomorrow.
- 11. What you (to do) now? I (to see) that you (not to read).
- 12. When you (to finish) your homework? It (to be) very late, it (to be) time to go to bed.

2. Переведите с английского языка на русский:

- 1. The buyers want to know our terms of payment.
- 2. This is for you to decide.
- 3. The plan of our work will be discussed at the meeting to be held on May 25.
- 4. To walk in the garden was a pleasure.
- 5. Jane remembered to have been told a lot about Mr. Smith.
- 6. I felt him put his hand on my shoulder.

Вариант II.

1. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Present Continuous, Present Simple или Future Simple:

- 1. How you usually (to spend) evenings?
- 2. What you (to do) in the country next summer?
- 3. They (not to drink) tea now. I (to think) they (to watch) TV.
- 4. What your father (to drink) in the evening?
- 5. When you (to get) up every day? I (to get) up at seven o'clock.
- 6. My brother usually (not to get) up at seven o'clock. As a rule, he (to get) up at six o'clock, but tomorrow he (to get) up at seven o'clock.
- 7. Why she (to come) home so late tomorrow?
- 8. We (to go) to the country the day after tomorrow.
- 9. Our friends always (to go) to the country for the weekend.
- 10.Look! The kitten (to play) with its tail.
- 11. Your parents (to watch) TV now?
- 12.My sister (not to rest) now. She (to help) mother in the kitchen. She (to help) mother in the kitchen every day.

2. Переведите с английского языка на русский:

- 1. This writer is said to have written a new novel.
- 2. She seems to be having a good time at the seaside.
- 3. They watched the boy cross the street.
- 4. To advertise in magazines is very expensive.

- 5. He proved to be one of the cleverest students at our Institute.
- 6. He knew himself to be strong enough to take part in the expedition.

Контрольный срез № 2. (пятый семестр)

Вариант I.

1. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в PresentPerfect или PastSimple.

- 1. Helen speaks French so well because she (to live) in France.
- 2. She (to live) there last year.
- 3. The rain (to stop) and the sun is shining in the sky again.
- 4. The rain (to stop) half an hour ago.
- 5. Mary (to buy) a new hat.
- 6. I (to buy) a pair of gloves yesterday.
- 7. The wind (to blow) off the man's hat, and he cannot catch it.
- 8. The weather (to change), and we can go for a walk.
- 9. The wind (to change) in the morning.
- 10. We (to travel) around Europe last year.

2. Вставьте "to" там, где это необходимо:

- 1. We had better ... stop to rest a little.
- 2. I don't know what ... do.
- 3. He was seen ... leave the house.
- 4. We have come ... ask whether there is anything we can ... do.
- 5. We heard the siren ... sound and saw the ship ... move.
- 6. I cannot ... go there now, I have some work ... do.
- 7. During the crossing the passengers felt the ship ... toss.
- 8. You must make him ... practice an hour a day.
- 9. He is not sure that it can ... be done, but he is willing ... try.
- 10.I looked for the book everywhere but could not ... find it.

Вариант II.

1. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголывPresentPerfectилиPastSimple.

- 1. Last night I (to feel) tired and (to go) to bed very early.
- 2. Where you (to spend) your holidays?
- 3. You ever (to spend) your holidays in the Crimea?
- 4. While traveling in the Crimea I (to meet) your friend.
- 5. I never (to visit) that place.
- 6. He (to visited) that place last year.
- 7. I just (to get) a letter from Tom.
- 8. You (to take) any photographs while traveling in the south?
- 9. He (to be) abroad five years ago.

10. You (to be) in the Caucasus last year?

2. Вставьте "to" там, где это необходимо:

- 1. I think you ought ... apologize.
- 2. Make him ... speak louder.
- 3. Help me ... carry this bag.
- 4. My son asked me ... let him ... go to the theatre.
- 5. I must ... go to the country.
- 6. It cannot ... be done to-day.
- 7. She asked me ... read the letter carefully and ... write an answer.
- 8. The man told me not ... walk on the grass.
- 9. Let me ... help you with your work.
- 10. She ought ... take care of her health.

Контрольный срез № 1.

(шестой семестр)

ВариантІ.

- 1. I prefer texting ______ speaking to person.
 - a. to
 - b. for
 - c. by
 - d. at
- 2. Prices are recorded _____a computerized cash register.
 - a. with
 - b. by
 - c. to
 - d. for

3. Cashiers ______ to punch keys on cash registers to enter the price.

- a. use
- b. used
- c. uses
- d. have used
- 4. How much money_____
 - a. were stolen
 - b. was steal
 - c. was stolen
 - d. did steal

5. Modern technology has dramatically _____ our lives.

- a. improving
- b. improved
- c. improve
- d. improves

6. The dish-washer and other _____have helped to relieve the boredom of domestic chores.

- a. safety features
- b. strict safeguards
- c. labour-saving devices

- d. repetitive tasks
- 7. _____English for two years.
 - a. I have studying
 - b. I have been studying
 - c. I make studying
 - d. I was study

8. I_____ people who are not polite.

- a. hating
- b. am hating
- c. hated
- d. hate
- 9. She_____it last week.
 - a. buying
 - b. bought
 - c. is buying
 - d. has bought
- 10. By this time next year he____university.
 - a. will have graduated
 - b. going to graduate
 - c. will graduated
 - d. he has graduated
- 11. _____ time to learn English is important.
 - a. Have make
 - b. Making
 - c. Make
 - d. To making

Вариант II.

- 1. You spend much time staring ______ incomprehensible instruction manuals for your new phone.
 - a. on
 - b. at
 - c. to
 - d. for

2. Not one single programme is worth _____

- a. watch
- b. watching
- c. to watch
- d. watched

3. We did not play football yesterday. The match _____

- a. were cancel
- b. was cancelling
- c. was cancelled
- d. is cancelled
- 4. The Chinese _____ printing.
 - a. invented

- b. have invented
- c. had invented
- d. invent
- 5. I would rather _____
 - a. get a taxi than walk home
 - b. to get a taxi than to walk home
 - c. getting a taxi than walking home
 - d. get a taxi than walking home

6. Many ______ development which have greatly affected the way we live are nowdays.

- a. technology
- b. technologist
- c. technologic
- d. technological

7. His car_____from outside his office.

- was stolen
- was stole
- is steal
- has stolen

8. Tomorrow,_____to the dentist.

- a. I is go
- b. I will to go
- c. I going
- d. I am going

9. Do you want to_____with me?

- a. go skiing
- b. skiing
- c. play skiing
- d. do ski
- 10. They_____the party before he arrived.
 - a. finish
 - b. finishing
 - c. has finished
 - d. had finished
- 11. I ______to the party, but I was too busy.
 - a. would have gone
 - b. would have had gone
 - c. would had gone
 - d. would gone

Контрольныйсрез № 2.

(шестой семестр)

ВариантІ.

I.Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Present Continuous, Present Simple или Future Simple:

1. Myfriend (not to like) soup. 2. When you (to go) to bed every day? 3. What he (to read) now? 4. What he (to read) every day? 5. What he (to read) tomorrow? 6. You (to give) me this book tomorrow? 7. Where she (to be) tomorrow? 8. Where she (to go) tomorrow? 9. She (to go) to the country with us tomorrow? 10. They (to stay) at home tomorrow. 11. What you (to do) now? I (to see) that you (not to read). 12. When you (to finish) your homework? It (to be) very late, it (to be) time to go to bed.

II.Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Present Perfect или Past Simple.

1. Helen speaks French so well because she (to live) in France. 2. She (to live) there last year. 3. The rain (to stop) and the sun is shining in the sky again. 4. The rain (to stop) half an hour ago. 5. Mary (to buy) a new hat. 6. I (to buy) a pair of gloves yesterday. 7. The wind (to blow) off the man's hat, and he cannot catch it. 8. The weather (to change), and we can go for a walk. 9. The wind (to change) in the morning. 10. We (to travel) around Europe last year.

Ш.Переведите с английского языка на русский.

- 1. The buyers want to know our terms of payment.
- 2. This is for you to decide.
- 3. The plan of our work will be discussed at the meeting to be held on May 25.
- 4. To walk in the garden was a pleasure.
- 5. Jane remembered to have been told a lot about Mr. Smith.
- 6. I felt him put his hand on my shoulder.

IV.Вставьтеtотам, гдеэтонеобходимо

1.We had better ... stop to rest a little.

- 2. I don't know what ... do.
- 3. He was seen ... leave the house.
- 4. We have come ... ask whether there is anything we can ... do.
- 5. We heard the siren ... sound and saw the ship ... move.
- 6. I cannot ... go there now, I have some work ... do.
- 7. During the crossing the passengers felt the ship ... toss.
- 8. You must make him ... practice an hour a day.
- 9. He is not sure that it can ... be done, but he is willing ... try.
- 10. I looked for the book everywhere but could not ... find it.

II вариант.

I.Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголыв Present Continuous, Present Simple или Future Simple.

1. How you usually (to spend) evenings? 2. What you (to do) in the country next summer? 3. They (not to drink) tea now. I (to think) they (to watch) TV. 4. What your father (to drink) in the evening? 5. When you (to get) up every day? - I (to get) up at seven o'clock. 6. My brother usually (not to get) up at seven o'clock. As a rule, he (to get) up at six o'clock, but tomorrow he (to get) up at seven o'clock. 7. Why she (to come) home so late tomorrow? 8. We (to go) to the country the day after tomorrow. 9. Our friends always (to go) to the country for the weekend. 10.

Look! The kitten (to play) with its tail. 11. Your parents (to watch) TV now? 12. My sister (not to rest) now. She (to help) mother in the kitchen.She (to help) mother in the kitchen every day.

II.Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголывPresentPerfectили PastSimple.

1. Last night I (to feel) tired and (to go) to bed very early. 2. Where you (to spend) your holidays? 3. You ever (to spend) your holidays in the Crimea? 4. While traveling in the Crimea I (to meet) your friend. 5. I never (to visit) that place. 6. He (to visited) that place last year. 7. I just (to get) a letter from Tom. 8. You (to take) any photographs while traveling in the south? 9. He (to be) abroad five years ago. 10. You (to be) in the Caucasus last year?

Ш.Переведите с английского языка на русский.

- 1. This writer is said to have written a new novel.
- 2. She seems to be having a good time at the seaside.
- 3. They watched the boy cross the street.
- 4. To advertise in magazines is very expensive.
- 5. He proved to be one of the cleverest students at our Institute.
- 6. He knew himself to be strong enough to take part in the expedition.

IV.Вставьтето там, гдеэтонеобходимо

- 1. I think you ought ... apologize.
- 2. Make him ... speak louder.
- 3. Help me ... carry this bag.
- 4. My son asked me ... let him ... go to the theatre.
- 5. I must ... go to the country.
- 6. It cannot ... be done to-day.
- 7. She asked me ... read the letter carefully and ... write an answer.
- 8. The man told me not ... walk on the grass.
- 9. Let me ... help you with your work.
- 10. Sheought ... takecareofherhealth.

Контрольныйсрез № 1.

(седьмой семестр)

ВариантІ.

I .Раскройтескобки, употребляявPastSimpleилиPastContinuous:

- 1.I (to go) to the cinema yesterday.
- 2. I (to go) to the cinema at four o'clock yesterday.
- 3. I (to go) to the cinema when you met me.
- 4. I (to do) my homework the whole evening yesterday.
- 5. I (to do) my homework when mother came home.
- 6. I (to do) my homework yesterday.
- 7. I (to do) my homework from five till eight yesterday.
- 8. I (to do) my homework at six o'clock yesterday.

9. I (not to play) the piano yesterday.

10. I (not to play) the piano at four o'clock yesterday. I (to read) a book.

II.Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголывPresentPerfectили PastSimple.

1.Last night I (to feel) tired and (to go) to bed very early. 2. Where you (to spend) your holidays? 3. You ever (to spend) your holidays in the Crimea? 4. While traveling in the Crimea I (to meet) your friend. 5. I never (to visit) that place. 6. He (to visited) that place last year. 7. I just (to get) a letter from Tom. 8. You (to take) any photographs while traveling in the south? 9. He (to be) abroad five years ago. 10. You (to be) in the Caucasus last year?

III.Закончите предложения, употребляя сложное дополнение:

1. The teacher said to the pupils: "Learn the rule." — The teacher wanted ...

2. "Be careful, or else you will spill the milk," said my mother to me. — My mother did not want ...

3. "My daughter will go to a ballet school," said the woman. — The woman wanted ..

.4. The man said: "My son will study mathematics." —The man wanted ...

5. "Oh, father, buy me this toy, please," said the little boy. — The little boy wanted \dots

6. "Wait for me after school," said Ann to me. — Ann wanted ...

ВариантII.

I. Раскройтескобки, употребляявPastSimpleилиPastContinuous:

1. When I (to come) home, my little sister (to sleep). 2. When Nick (to come) home, his brother (to play) with his toys. 3. When mother (to come) home, I (to do) my homework. 4. When father (to come) home, Pete (to sleep). 5. When mother (to come) home, the children (to play) on the carpet. 6. When I (to get up), my mother and father (to drink) tea. 7. When I (to come) to my friend's place, he (to watch) TV. 8. When I (to see) my friends, they (to play) football. 9. When I (to open) the door, the cat (to sit) on the table. 10. When Kate (to open) the door, the children (to dance)

II. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголывPresent Perfectили Past Simple:

1.Helen speaks French so well because she (to live) in France. 2. She (to live) there last year. 3. The rain (to stop) and the sun is shining in the sky again. 4. The rain (to stop) half an hour ago. 5. Mary (to buy) a new hat. 6. I (to buy) a pair of gloves yesterday. 7. The wind (to blow) off the man's hat, and he cannot catch it. 8. The weather (to change), and we can go for a walk. 9. The wind (to change) in the morning. 10. We (to travel) around Europe last year.

III.Закончитепредложения, употребляясложноедополнение:

1."Fix the shelf in the kitchen," my father said to me. — My father wanted ... 2. "It will be very good if you study English," said my brother to me. —My brother wanted ... 3. "Fetch me some water from the river, children," said our grandmother. — Our grandmother wanted ... 4. "Come to my birthday party," said Kate to her classmates. — Kate wanted ... 5. The biology teacher said to us: "Collect some insects in summer." — The biology teacher wanted ... 6. "Don't eat ice cream before dinner," said our aunt to us. Ourauntdidnotwant ...

Контрольный срез № 2.

(седьмой семестр)

ВариантI.

Choose the right variant.

1. "They____an excellent vacancy last week. You ____an opportunity of getting it," he reproached me.

- a) had, mustn't miss
- b) have had, might not have missed it
- c) had, shouldn't have missed
- d) were having, couldn't miss
- 2. He had to earn___livingat___an early age,___?
 - a) ____, such, hadn't he
 - b) his, such, didn't he
 - c) himself, so, hadn't he
 - d) to, so, didn't he
- 3. We___a camera because we never___a chance to use it.
 - a) might not have taken, had
 - b) should not have taken, have had
 - c) needn't have taken, had
 - d) mustn't have taken, had had
- 4. The line is busy; somebody____on the telephone now.
 - a) should be speaking
 - b) should have been speaking
 - c) must be speaking
 - d) can't be speaking
- 5. You____this! See how____she is.
 - a) ought not to say, distressing
 - b) ought not to have said, distressed
 - c) won't be able to say, distressing
 - d) cannot have said, distressed

6. He says that nothing____, because it is too____. But I don't believe a single word____; they___us.

- a) should do, lately, of him, mustn't have failed
- b) can't be done, late, of his, oughtn't fail
- c) mustn't be done, lately, of him, shouldn't have failed
- d) can be done, late, of his, can't have failed
- 7. I managed to come here at half past six. But I___.They___.
 - a) needn't have hurried, had already left
 - b) needn't hurry, have already left
 - c) mustn't have hurried, had already left

d) shouldn't hurry, have already left

8. If she doesn't take care of ____, she ____have a nervous breakdown and _____to hospital.

- a) hers, may, should go
- b) her, can, need to go
- c) herself, may, may have to go
- d) herself, must, must go
- 9. He___his wallet himself, it___.
 - a) might lose, couldn't be stolen
 - b) may have lost, can't have been stolen
 - c) could have lost, must not have been stolen
 - d) ought to lose, shouldn't be stolen
- 10. You____a message at least! We____for two hours.
 - a) should send, waited
 - b) must have sent, were waiting
 - c) could send, have been waiting
 - d) might have sent, had been waiting
- 11. The only trouble is that I____my exams in spring and____them now.
 - a) couldn't have taken, must have
 - b) couldn't take, must have
 - c) mustn't have taken, must have had
 - d) can't take, must have had
- 12. The plane____at 5 a.m. and in this hurry-scurry she____the tickets on the table.
 - a) had to take off, can leave
 - b) was to take off, must have left
 - c) was to take off, needn't leave
 - d) must have taken off, shouldn't leave
- 13. Why___hetake the scandal on himself? It is not
 - a) must, fairly
 - b) may, fair
 - c) should, fair
 - d) could, fairly
- 14. You____to him. His information is____.
 - a) shouldn't listen, misled
 - b) needn't have listened, misleading
 - c) can't have listened, misled
 - d) mustn't have listened, misleading
- 15. It is not worth_____to____bed if he____at five.
 - a) to go,____, have to get up
 - b) going, the, must have got up
 - c) to have gone, the, is to get up
 - d) going,____, doesn't have to get up

ВариантII.

Choose the right variant:

1.____beforehand, we____the catastrophe.a) did we know, would prevent

- b) would we know, had prevented
- c) had we known, would have prevented
- d) should we know, had prevented
- 2. I don't know how___him. I wish I___his name.
 - a) address, did not know
 - b) to address, knew
 - c) addressing, would know
 - d) to address, should know
- 3. I look forward to___a rest. I___as if my head _ splitting.
 - a) having, feel, were
 - b) having, feel myself, were
 - c) have, had felt, were
 - d) have, am feeling, is

4. He couldn't remember his mother____, But would everything_____ if mother hadn't died?

- a) dying, be, differently
- b) to die, have been, as different
- c) dying, have been, different
- d) die, has been, so different

5. "Oh, Mary," she said. "I wish you___with us, for we had___fun."

- a) had been, such a
- b) were, so____
- c) would be, so a
- d) had been, such____

6. I remember his colour___away in a moment and he seemed___as if he___.

- a) go, breathing, had been running
- b) to go, to breathe, ran
- c) going, to breathe, had been running
- d) have gone, to be breathing, was running
- 7. The vase is beautiful. You_____to match___ you____.
 - a) wouldn't find, another, unless, had tried
 - b) wouldn't have found, the other, if, would have tried
 - c) shouldn't find, the other, unless, tried
 - d) wouldn't find, another, if, tried

8. If you_____the medicine the doctor prescribed you, you______now.

- a) had taken, would feel, much better
- b) took, would feel, much more well
- c) would take, would feel yourself, much more better
- d) had taken, would have felt, much more good
- 9. I remember it so___as if it__only yesterday.
 - a) clear, happened
 - b) clearly, had happened
 - c) clear, would have happened
 - d) clearly, would happen
- 10. If you____the article I recommended you, you ____how___such questions.
 - a) had read, had known, to answer
 - b) read, would know, the answer

- c) would have read» would know, answer
- d) had read, would know, to answer
- 11. I must be off now. If it____not so____, I____a little longer.
 - a) were, lately, would stay
 - b) were, late, would stay
 - c) had been, late, would have stayed
 - d) wouldn't be, lately, stayed

12. ____I____the story from his own lips I____ that he was capable of ____action.

- a) if, had heard, would never believe, such
- b) unless, had heard, would have never believed, such an
- c) in case, have heard, would never believe, so an
- d) provided, had heard, would have never believed, such

13. In order to make our demands effective and to get the authorities____them we suggested that there ____no return to work today.

- a) tofulfil, be
- b) fulfil, should be
- c) fulfilled, would be
- d) fulfilling, were

14. I am going to have my kitchen___. It is necessary that every crack___covered; also between___floorand___door.

- a) to repair, will be, the.____
- b) to be repaired, is,____. the
- c) repaired, should be, the, the
- d) being repaired, be,____,

15. John demanded that Andrew____to the house with him to.____ tea.

- a) would return,____
- b) returned, the
- c) return,____
- d) should return, the

Контрольный срез № 1.

(восьмой семестр)

Вариант 1.

1. Переведите слова:

1. профессия	6. здоровая еда
2. повар	7. варка
3. политическая система	8. выпекание
4. обслужить (в кафе)	9. овощи
5. специи	10. фрукты

2. Под цифрами 1-5 обозначены проблемы питания, найдите пути решения выбрав соответствующий вариант а-е:

1. underweight	a) Follow a low-carbohydrate diet.
2. tiredness	b) Eat foods rich in vitamin C.
3. overweight	c) Eat three well-balanced meals and three or four snacks per day
4. frequent illness	d) Drink more water and eat more oily fish, nuts and seeds.

5. dry skin	e) Eat less and take regular exercise		
3. Выберите правильный ответ:			
1. Bananas are a type of			
a) vegetable b) fruit	c) potato d) berry		
2. The biggest producer of bananas	in South America is		
a) Ecuador b) Colombia	c) Bolivia d) Brazil.		
3. The best climate for growing ban	3. The best climate for growing bananas is		
a) wet and windy b) cold and w	vet c) warm and dry d) hot and humid.		
4. The first potatoes were grown near a lake in which country?			
a) Ireland b) Brazil	c) Peru		
5. How many days does it take to g	row a potato in the tropics?		
a) 90 days b) 150 days	c) 365 days		
4. Распределите слова по катего	риям:		
banana			
beef			
carrot			
cheese			
cod			
cucumber			
grapes			
ham			
lamb			
lettuce			
milk			
peach			
salmon			
tuna			
yogurt			
Fruit:			
Vegetable:			
Meat:			
Fish:			
Dairy:			

Вариант 2.

1. Подберите слова к их значениям

- meal

 a person who makes food
 dish

 a particular style of cooking

 c) the separate stages in which a meal is served
 - 4. course
 - 5. cook
 - 6. cuisine

particular area

- 7. portion instead of a meal
 - 8. snack
- g) a small amount of food between main meals or

d) food which is eaten at the same time each day

e) things that people eat, such as vegetables and meat

f) food prepared in a particular way, typical of a

h) an amount of food for one person, when served in a

2. Выберите правильный глагол к фразам: grate, boil, dice, chop, grill, roast, toast, slice, mash, fry.

- 1. water to make tea
- 2. an onion into pieces
- 3. sausages over the fire
- 4. bread to make toast
- 5. cheese for spaghetti
- 6. a chicken for dinner
- 7. a banana for the baby
- 8. a fish in a pan
- 9. tomatoes for salad
- 10. ham for sandwiches

3. Выберите правильный глагол к фразам: add, cook, eat, exceed, keep, heat, peel, wash

1. cheese in the fridge

- 2.vegetables before you wash them
- 3. water to the rice
- 4. meat until it isn't pink
- 5. fish on the day you buy it
- 6. rice before you cook it
- 7. the recommended daily intake
- 8. thoroughly before serving

4. Найдите русские эквиваленты

1. The appetite comes with eating.	а) О вкусах не спорят.
2. Tastes differ.	b) Кто рано ложится и рано
	встаёт, здоровье, богатство и ум
	наживёт.
3. The last piece of meat is	с) Посмеешься до завтрака —
especially sweet.	поплачешь до ужина
4. Early to bed and early to rise	d) Аппетит приходит во время
makes a man healthy, wealthy and	еды.
wise.	
5. If you laugh before breakfast	
you'll cry before supper.	

Критерии оценивания компетенций.

Отметка "5" ставится, если студент:

- 1. выполнил работу без ошибок и недочетов;
- 2. допустил не более одного недочета.

Отметка "4" ставится, если студент выполнил работу полностью, но допустил в ней:

- 1. не более одной негрубой ошибки и одного недочета;
- 2. или не более двух недочетов.

Отметка "3" ставится, если студент правильно выполнил не менее 2/3 работы или допустил:

- 1. не более двух грубых ошибок;
- 2. или не более одной грубой и одной негрубой ошибки и одного недочета;
- 3. или не более двух-трех негрубых ошибок;
- 4. или одной негрубой ошибки и трех недочетов;
- 5. или при отсутствии ошибок, но при наличии четырех-пяти недочетов.

Отметка "2" ставится, если студент:

- 1. допустил число ошибок и недочетов превосходящее норму, при которой может быть выставлена оценка "3";
- 2. или если правильно выполнил менее половины работы.

Составитель_____ Т.Г. Кузьменко

(подпись)

«___»____20 г.